1. PLACE OF PEATH	cate of death  625 File No. 2446
To County Casterney Begistration Distr	
Township Primary Registrati	ion District No. 23.3.1 Refistered No
G City Many Man	5L
2 FULL NAME Clara Jamese	- Tilbert
(a) Residence. No	St., Ward.
(Usual place of abode)  Length of residence in city or town where death occurred yrs. in	(If nonresident give city or town and States.  How long in U.S., if of foreign birth? yrs. mos.
PERSONAL AND STATISTICAL PARTICULARS	MEDICAL CERTIFICATE OF DEATH
3. SEX 4. COLOR OR RACE   5. SINGLE, MARRIED, WILDOWED O.	
Divorced (write the grand)	-au /
tend While lingh	17. I HEREBY CERTIFY, That I stended deceased from
5a. IF MARRIED, WIDOWED, OR DIVORCED HUSBAND OF	MLC 30, 1936, 6 1911 16
(OR) WIFE OF	that I last saw h. down slive on
6. DATE OF BIRTH (MONTH, DAY AND YEAR) Den 30 193	death occurred, on the date stated abover st. J. J
7. AGE YEARS   MONTHS   DAYS   If LESS than I	THE CAUSE OF DEATH* WAS AS FOLLOWS:
day,hrs.	
/	- gruphings
8. OCCUPATION OF DECEASED	
(a) Trade, profession, or particular kind of work	/ (duration)
(b) General nature of industry,	CONTRIBUTORY
business, or establishment in	(SECONDARY)
which employed (or employer)	
	18. WHERE WAS DISEASE CONTRACTED
9. BIRTHPLACE (CITY OR TOWN) Maryullu	IF NOT AT PLACE OF DEATH?
	DID AN OPERATION PRECEDE DEATHY
(STATE OR COUNTRY)	
10. NAME OF FATHER M & Gellect	WAS THERE AN AUTOPSYS MO
10. NAME OF FATHER M & Gelbert	\(\hat{\chi}\)
10. NAME OF FATHER M & Gilbert  11. BIRTHPLACE OF FATHER (CITY OR TOWN)	WAS THERE AN AUTOPSY1 MA
10. NAME OF FATHER M & Glicel  11. BIRTHPLACE OF FATHER (CITY OR TOWN). Mary 10.  (STATE OR COUNTRY)	WAS THERE AN AUTOPSYS MA WHAT TEST CONFIRMED DIAGNOSIST MAKEN & CLIMAC
10. NAME OF FATHER M & Glice L  11. BIRTHPLACE OF FATHER (CITY OR TOWN) Many 11.  (STATE OR COUNTRY)  12. MAIDEN NAME OF MOTHER COUNTRY STATES	What test confirmed diagnosist. (Add A Climate (Signed)
10. NAME OF FATHER M & GLELL  11. BIRTHPLACE OF FATHER (CITY OR TOWN)  (STATE OR COUNTRY)  12. MAIDEN NAME OF MOTHER (CITY OR TOWN)  13. BIRTHPLACE OF MOTHER (CITY OR TOWN)  MARY	What test confirmed diagnosist. (Address)  (Signed)
10. NAME OF FATHER M & Subject 11. BIRTHPLACE OF FATHER (CITY OR TOWN). Many 12. MAIDEN NAME OF MOTHER (CITY OR TOWN). Many 13. BIRTHPLACE OF MOTHER (CITY OR TOWN). Many 14. (STATE OR COUNTRY)	WAS THERE AN AUTOPSYT.  WHAT TEST CONFIRMED DIAGNOSIST. AAAAA CLICATION  (Signed)
10. NAME OF FATHER M & GLELL  11. BIRTHPLACE OF FATHER (CITY OR TOWN)  (STATE OR COUNTRY)  12. MAIDEN NAME OF MOTHER (CITY OR TOWN)  13. BIRTHPLACE OF MOTHER (CITY OR TOWN)  MARY	What test confirmed diagnosist. (Address)  (Signed)
10. NAME OF FATHER M & GLELL  11. BIRTHPLACE OF FATHER (CITY OR TOWN)	What test confirmed diagnosist. (Adda A Climated (Signed)
10. NAME OF FATHER M & GLELL  11. BIRTHPLACE OF FATHER (CITY OR TOWN)  (STATE OR COUNTRY)  12. MAIDEN NAME OF MOTHER (CITY OR TOWN)  13. BIRTHPLACE OF MOTHER (CITY OR TOWN)  (STATE OR COUNTRY)	What test confirmed diagnosist. (Adday Climated Cause (Signed)

## Revised United States Standard Certificate of Death

(Approved by U. S. Census and American Public Health Association.)

Statement of Occupation.—Precise statement of occupation is very important, so that the relative healthfulness of various pursuits can be known. The question applies to each and every person, irrespective of age. For many occupations a single word or term on the first line will be sufficient, e.g., Farmer or Planter, Physician, Compositor, Architect, Locomotive Engineer, Civil Engineer, Stationary Fireman, etc. But in many cases, especially in industrial employments, it is necessary to know (a) the kind of work and also (b) the nature of the business or industry. and therefore an additional line is provided for the latter statement; it should be used only when needed. As examples: (a) Spinner, (b) Cotton mill; (a) Salesman, (b) Grocery; (a) Foreman, (b) Automobile factory. The material worked on may form part of the second statement. Never return "Laborer," "Foreman," "Manager," "Dealer," etc., without more precise specification, as Day laborer, Farm laborer, Laborer-Coal mine, etc. Women at home, who are engaged in the duties of the household only (not paid Housekeepers who receive a definite salary), may be entered as Housewife, Housework or At home, and children, not gainfully employed, as At school or At home. Care should be taken to report specifically the occupations of persons engaged in domestic service for wages, as Servant, Cook, Housemaid, etc. If the occupation has been changed or given up on account of the disease causing Death, state occupation at beginning of illness. If retired from business, that fact may be indicated thus: Farmer (retired, 6 yrs.) For persons who have no occupation whatever, write None.

Statement of Cause of Death.—Name, first, the DISEASE CAUSING DEATH (the primary affection with respect to time and causation), using always the same accepted term for the same disease. Examples: Cerebrospinal fever (the only definite synonym is "Epidemic cerebrospinal meningitis"); Diphtheria (avoid use of "Croup"); Typhoid fever (never report

"Typhoid pneumonia"); Lobar pneumonia; Bronchopneumonia ("Pneumonia," unqualified, is indefinite): Tuberculosis of lungs, meninges, peritoneum, etc., Carcinoma, Sarcoma, etc., of . . . . . . (name origin; "Cancer" is less definite; avoid use of "Tumor" for malignant neoplasma); Measles: Whooping cough: Chronic valvular heart disease; Chronic interstitial nephritis, etc. The contributory (secondary or intercurrent) affection need not be stated unless important. Example: Measles (disease causing death). 29 ds.; Bronchopneumonia (secondary), 10 ds. Never report mere symptoms or terminal conditions, such as "Asthenia," "Anemia" (merely symptomatio), "Atrophy," "Collapse," "Coma," "Convulsions," "Debility" ("Congenital," "Senile," etc.), "Dropsy," "Exhaustion," "Heart failure," "Hemorrhage," "Inanition," "Marasmus," "Old age," "Shock," "Uremia," "Weakness," etc., when a definite disease can be ascertained as the cause. Always qualify all diseases resulting from childbirth or miscarriage, as "Puerperal septicemia," "PUERPERAL peritonitie," etc. State cause for which surgical operation was undertaken. For VIOLENT DEATHS State MEANS OF INJURY and qualify as accidental, suicidal, or homicidal, or as probably such, if impossible to determine definitely. Examples: Accidental drowning; struck by railway train-accident; Revolver wound of headhomicide; Poisoned by carbolic acid—probably suicide. The nature of the injury, as fracture of skull, and consequences (e. g., sepsis, tetanus), may be stated under the head of "Contributory." (Recommendations on statement of cause of death approved by Committee on Nomenclature of the American Medical Association.)

Note.—Individual offices may add to above list of undesirable terms and refuse to accept certificates containing them. Thus the form in use in New York City states: "Certificates will be returned for additional information which give any of the following diseases, without explanation, as the sole cause of death: Abortion, cellulitis, chidbirth, convulsions, hemorrhage, gangrene, gastritis, erysipelas, meningitis, miscarriage, necrosis, peritonitis, phiebitis, pyemia, septicemia, tetanus." But general adoption of the minimum list suggested will work wast improvement, and its scope can be extended at a later date.